

'Naturally Progressive'

## INDIGENOUS SPECIES LIST COLAC

Botanical Name	Common name	Height Width	Soil Class	Erosion Control	Comments
Acacia implexa	Lightwood	5-12x 4-7m	SL	•	B. B/F. Hardy (suckers), full sun. Light green foliage, cream flowers Summer.
Acacia mearnsii	Black wattle	8-25x 6-10m	SL		B. B/F,S/G. Hardy. Shade tree, ferny foliage. Dry sites, sunpart shade. Damp, well drained-dry sites. Cream-yellow flowers Oct-Dec. (borer prone) Widespread coloniser
Acacia melanoxylon	Blackwood	8-20x 5-12m	CSL	•	B, B/F, S/G. Prefers deep damp soils. Screen plant. Pale creamy flowers. July-Oct. 18, 30,201
Acacia myrtifolia	Myrtle wattle	1-3x 1-2m	SCL		B. B/F. Bushy/sparse shrub ascending branches. Young stems red/purple tinge. Pale green leaves. Damp sites. Cluster yellow flowers Jun-Dec. 16,48
Acacia pycnantha	Golden wattle	3-8x 2-5m	SL		B. B/F,S/G. Aust. Emblem. Fast grower. Well drained-damp sites, sun. Bright green foliage, golden flowers Aug-Oct Widespread coloniser.
Acacia verticillata	Prickly Moses	1-5x 3-5m	CL		B. B/F. Streams – Damp soils/shaded sites. Low shrub to tree. Prickly leaves. Yellow flowers June-Dec. 45, 201, 161
Allococasuarina verticillata	Drooping Sheoak	4-10mx 5-6m	SL	•	B. Windbreak. Hardy drooping habit. Branchlets turn yellow/brown. Apr-May. Coast scrub
Austrostipa pubinodis	Tall Spear grass	1-2m	CSL	•	B. Robust, tufted perenn. erect flower stem. Dense large flower spikelets. Oct-Dec.
Austrodanthonia	Wallaby grass	30cm- 80cm	CSL	•	Hardy native grass. Dry/wet sites. Year long green, low maintenance. Fine leaf loose white fluffy seed heads. Flowers Nov-Mar.45.
Banksia marginata	Silver Banksia	1-8x 1-5m	CSL	•	B/F. H/E. S/G. Heathlands/forests. Leaves dark upper light lower. Honey coloured cylindrical flowers Apr-Nov. Screen plant. 161
Burchardia umbellata	Milk maids	30cm	CSL		Suit most sites. Grass like leaves, white flowers on stems. Keep dry when dormant. 48, 132, 55.
Bursaria spinosa	Sweet Bursaria	1-6x 2-3m	CSL	•	B/F/ H/E. Foliage plant, spines at leaf base. Cream fragrant flowers Dec-Mar. Purse shaped seed. 45.
Calocephalus citreus	Lemon beauty heads	15- 60cm	CL		Herb. Stems silvery grey & hairy. Flower heads yellow. Sept-Mar. 132.
Calocephalus lacteus	Milky beauty heads	5-70cm			Perenn. herb. Tolerates wet and saline sites. Wooly grey stems, narrow leaves.cluster small cream flowers. Sep-Feb.
Cassinia aculeata	Dogwood	2-4x 1-2m	CSL	•	Bushy spreading shrub. Quick grow. Sml. White flowers. Nov-Mar. 45
Chrysocephalum apiculatum	Common everlasting	60cm	SL		Tufted perenn. Pale grey-green erect leafy stems. Bright yellow cluster flowers. Sept-Feb.48, 55, 132.
Dianella revoluta	Black-anther Flax lily	.3-1x. .5- 2.5m	SL		B/F. Tufted grass like leaves. Well drained sites/dry sites in shade. Blue star flowers yellow anthers. Blue fruit. 45
Dianella tasmanica	Tasman Flax- lily	.6-1.5 x.5-2m	SL		H/E. B/F. Robust spreading. Damp well drained - wetter fertile soils. Thick shiny leaves. Blue flower yellow centre, blue fruits. Spr-Sum. 45, 201.
Eucalyptus camaldulensis	Red Gum	12-45x 15- 30m	CSL	•	H/E. Spreading tree, smooth bark upper. Damp/wet sites, can help with salinity. Cluster flowers cream-yellow. 56, 125.

SOILS:

B = Birds B/F = Butterflies

C = clay S = sandy L = Loamy

H/E = Honeyeaters F = Frog

S/G = Sugar gliders

EVC = Ecological Vegetation Class 18, riparian forest. 30 wet riparian forest, 45 shrubby foothill forest. 161 coast headland scrub, 201 shrubby wet forest

Botanical Name	Common name	Height Width	Soil Class	Erosion Control	Comments
Eucalyptus obliqua	Messmate Stringybark	5-30x 6-20m	CL		B/F. H/E. Grey/brown fibrous bark. Shade/shelter tree. For large areas.  Quick hardy grower. Sml. Cream flowers Jan-Mar.  Wineglass fruit. 30, 45, 161, 201.
Eucalyptus ovata	Swamp Gum	8-30x 5-20m	CSL	•	H/E,S/G. Excellent in poorly drained soils. Grey white trunk. Creamy flowers May-Nov. 3,8,17,18,45,165.
Eucalyptus radiata	Narrow-leaf Peppermint	6-20x 6-15m	CSL		B/F. H/E. Dense spreading crown, narrow aromatic leaves. Grey-brown bark. Shade. Tree. Oil. Flowers Oct-Jan.45
Eucalyptus viminalis	Manna Gum	10-40x 8-15m	CSL		B/F. H/E. S/G. suits forest/streams. Ribbon bark, white trunk. Koala food. Fast grow, flowers often. 18, 45, 201
Hymenanthera dentata	Tree Violet	2-4x 2-4m	CSL	•	B. Rigid shrub. Suit most sites. Tiny Scented yellow bell flowers Sept-Nov. Green-purple berries.18.
Geranium potentilloides	Cinquefoil Cranesbill	.5-1.5m	CSL	•	B. B/F. Hardy creeping form. Suit moist sites. Spreading pink flowering stems to 3m. Sept-Mar Nest site widespread.
Leptospermum continentale	Prickly Tea- tree	1-4x 1-2m	CSL	•	B. B/F. Hardy prickly shrub. Damp/dry sites. Screen plant. White flowers Oct-Mar.45, 161
Leptospermum lanigerum	Wooly tea tree	2-5x 3m	CSL		Hardy. Dense form. Suit most sites. Screen plant. Greygreen hairy leaves. Flowers white, buds grey wooly. Sept-Dec. 53, 851, 56.
Lomandra longifolia	Mat-rush	1x1m	SL	•	B/F. Hardy. Agapanthus replacement. Salt tolerant. Large arching tussock, grass like strap leaves. Scented yellow flower spikes. Sept-Dec. 45
Melaleuca squarrosa	Scented paperbark	4-12x 2-6m	CSL		B. Dense. Screen plant. Damp, sun-part shade sites. Masses cream perfumed flower spikes Oct-Jan. 165, 17.
Ozothamnus ferrugineus	Tree Everlasting	2-6x 1-3m	SL	•	Dense, fast grow. Gnarled trunk. Damp drained sites. Dark grey-green narrow leaves. Dense cream flower heads. Nov-Feb. 45
Poa labillardierei	Common tussock grass	50- 130cm	CL	•	B. B/F. Dense tussock slender soft green leaves year round. Weed suppressant. Wet/damp sites. Wispy grass flower. Oct-Feb18, 45
Pultenaea juniperina	Prickly Bush Pea	1-3x .5- 1.5m	SL		Erect shrub.Narrow prickly leaves. Clusters of pea shaped yellow/red flowers. Oct-Dec. 45
Solanum laciniatum.	Large Kangaroo apple	3-4x 3-4m	CSL		B. Fast grow, fleshy bush. Suit most sites. Dark green leaves, deeply lobed and entire. Purple flowers. Oval fruit orange. Sept-Mar. Widespread coloniser.
Themeda triandra	Kangaroo grass	80x 0.3cm	CSL	•	Perenn. dense tussock. Suit most sites. Leaves green, brown,blue. Slender flower stem. Dense clusters shiny brown spikelets. Sept-Feb. 132,55.

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Soils:
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 $C = Clay \hspace{1cm} S = Sandy \hspace{1cm} L = Loamy \hspace{1cm} B = Birds \hspace{1cm} B/F = Butterflies \\ H/E = Honey \ eaters \hspace{1cm} F = Frog \hspace{1cm} S/G = Sugar \ gliders$ 

 $EVC = Ecological\ Vegetation\ Class - 18 = Riparian\ forest. \qquad 30 = Wet\ Riparian\ Forest \\ 45 = Shrubby\ Foothill\ Forest. \qquad 161 = Coast\ Heathland\ Scrub. \qquad 201 = Shrubby\ Wet\ Forest.$